

Pati	ent	La	he

OUTPATIENT SU						
Allergies: NKDA Verified	☐ See attached list for extensive allergies Reaction					
Medication/Food			Medication Information Obtained From:			
				Family memb of patient	per 🗆	Other
CURRENT HO	ME MEDICATION L	IST		O BE COMP	LETED BY	
TO BE COMPLETED PRE-OPERATIVELY BY PATIENT (Including: Prescription, Over the Counter, Herbal Remedies, Vitamins, Dietary Supplements)			PHYSICIAN ON DAY OF SURGERY			
Medication	Dosag	ge/Strength	When last dose	last dose was taken	Continue Aft	er Discharge
					☐ Yes	□ No
					□ Yes	□ No
					☐ Yes	□ No
					□Yes	□ No
					□Yes	□ No
					□Yes	□No
					□Yes	□No
					□Yes	□No
					□Yes	□No
					□Yes	□No
					□Yes	□No
					□Yes	□ No
					□Yes	□No
		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH			☐ Yes	□ No
					□Yes	□No
Patient Acknowledgement:						
I have provided as accurate a list as I can of physician unless instructed to change. If I h I understand that my medication list may b Patient (designee) Signature:	ave questions about my ho	me medications, I will call the		them.	l decline.	
Current home medication list has been			Date:			
			-			
RN Signature:			e/Time:			
	INEVV IVIE	DICATIONS TO BEGIN	TAKING			
Medication/Dose	How Is It Taken	How Often Is It Taken	Rx Given	at	Med Info	Given
			☐ Pre-Op	□ DOS	۵	Yes
			☐ Pre-Op	□ DOS	۵	Yes
			☐ Pre-Op	□ DOS	۵	Yes
Physician Signature:		Date,	/Time:	3 5		<u> </u>
RN Signature:		Date	/Time:			

SUMMIT OUTPATIENT SURGERY – ANESTHESIA EVALUATION FORM Please complete everything above the solid black line.

		CIRCLE ALL THAT A			Pa & 2011 PM & 41		-	
Medical History	No ✓			PATIEN	r Label Her	E		
Cardiovascular			eart Trouble Chest Pain CHF Pacemaker Defibrillator High Blood Pressure					
Pulmonary		Lung Disease COPD Ast Positive PPD Sle		Fc	Food/Drug Allergy Reaction			
Endocrine		Diabetes Type 1 Type :	2 Thyroid Lupus					
Neurological		Stroke Seizure	Epilepsy					
Gastorintestinal		PUD Hiatal Herr	nia GERD	$\exists \vdash $				
Kidney		Kidney Stones Re	nal Failure	╗				
Liver		Hepatitis Jau	ındice					
Muscular/Skeletal		Muscle Weakness Paralysis Arthritis Back Trouble		ole	t anesthetic: mal reactions?	Yes 🔲 No	Describe:	
Blood Dyscrasias		Abnormal Bleeding Anen Blood Disease Clo						
Other		Cancer HIV/AIDS Dep Mental Illness Glauco		Relatives w	ith abnormal reaction	s to anesthetics	☐ Yes ☐ No	
Have you been recently hospitalized?		If YES please explain:		1	TS			
Recent Illness? (please list)		If YES please explain:		Do you ha	ve any questions for	your anesthesiok	ogist?	
Electocardiogram in the last six months?		If YES please explain:			ırgical History		Data	
FOR CHILDREN ONL	Y				irgical mistory		Date	
Born prematurely?		If YES please explain:						
Cough, congestion, or fever?		If YES please explain:						
Have you ever smo Use alcohol? (amt/day Have religious objecti	/) on to bl							
Females: Could you b	e pregn	antf		when did y	ou last eat or drink? Da	te:	Time:	
		A	NESTHESIA E	VALUATION	REPORT			
Height:	V	Veight: BP:	1	<u> </u>	HR: C)2 Sat:	R:	
Pre-Op Medica	tions:		PHYSICAL	EXAMINAT	ION			
ANI	ESTHES	SIA EVALUATION (for An			1	NESTHESIA EV	ALUATION	
General Appearance	****			<u> </u>			Tîme	
		Confused © Age Appropriate			Status: 🗆 Stable 🗀 🗛	. П Вгомеч	,au	
Head and Neck: WNL			© Under Effect Anesthetic © Age Appropriate					
□ Class II □ Class III □ Class IV			Vital Signs: BP SpO,					
Cardiovascular 🗆 RRR 🕒 Murmur			Р Тетр					
Chest: 🛭 BS CTA Bilat					RR			
Extremities and Back: D WNL				Respiratory: 🔾 Regular/Unlabored/Symmetrical				
Skin: © p/w/d © Intact © Pale © Diaphoretic				☐ Shallow/Symmetrical ☐ Intubated ☐ Vent ☐ Flow by				
Risks, Benefits and Altern					Cardiovascular: 🔾 RRR 🔾	Other		
		id Regional MAC/L. Standby	4 - 4 -	HCG	Comments:			
	to Anesth	etic Plan ASA Class - 1 2 3 4 5	6 E	FSB) AM () PM		
DATE TIMI		AM EI PM ANESTHESIOLOGIS	Т		DATE TIME		HESIOLOGIST	



Preparing for Surgery

To help us meet all of your needs, please follow these guidelines:

- Please read and sign the previous page and bring this booklet with you on the day of your procedure.
- Do not eat or drink anything including water, chewing gum or mints eight hours prior to surgery. Medications for blood pressure, heart conditions, seizures, asthma or emphysema may be taken with a sip of water at their usual prescribed times. Bring any medications that you need during your stay, such as insulin or inhalers, with you. Undigested food in the stomach can cause complications and your surgery is likely to be postponed for your own safety if you forget to follow these instructions.
- Bathe or shower and brush your teeth
 (taking care not to swallow any water) the
 morning of your surgery. This will assist you
 in feeling refreshed as well as minimize the
 chance of infection.
- Remove all mascara, make-up and jewelry.
 If you wear contact lenses or glasses, bring a
 case for their safekeeping.

- Wear loose fitting, comfortable clothing that is large enough to accommodate a large bandage after surgery if needed. Wear comfortable slip-on shoes, no high heels, please.
- Please bring with you a driver's license or other picture ID.
- Leave all valuables, including jewelry and cash at home. We cannot be responsible for damaged or lost property.
- Please arrive at the time given to you
 (approximately 1.5-2 hours before your scheduled procedure). This allows us ample time to prepare you for your procedure. Your family/escort will be asked to wait in the waiting room.
- BMI
 - If BMI is 45 or greater or if you have a defibrillator, we will be unable to perform your procedure in an outpatient setting. Please contact your physician's office with any questions.
- Females of child bearing age will be required to provide a urine sample upon arrival.

Medications

The medicines (includes over the counter medications, herbal and dietary supplements) you take are a very important part of your health information. Information such as your medication name, strength and directions for taking it will help your physician provide the best care for you.

Please complete the Medication List Form located on **page 3** and **bring it with you** on the day of your procedure. If you are unable to complete the form, you may bring all of your prescriptive and/or over the counter medications, herbal and dietary supplements with you.

Minor Children

- Patients under the age of 18 must have one parent or legal guardian in the medical center until the patient is discharged.
- Foster parents must contact the admitting clerk at 405-936-8140. Please call as soon as your procedure is scheduled because written consents are required that must be notarized.
- Do not send grandparents or step-parents with the patient unless they are legal

- guardians. Power of attorney forms must be presented for proof of guardianship.
- Children may come in their pajamas; you may need to bring extra clothing.
- If your child cannot drink from a cup, please bring a bottle or sippy cup.
- It is best to have someone accompany the driver in order to help care for the child on the trip home.



After Surgery

- The length of the stay post-operatively varies according to the type of procedure and your physician's instructions. Most patients are discharged 1 hour after surgery.
- Your physician will speak to a family member or friend after your surgery.
- Your physician and nurse will provide written post-operative instructions. Please follow all
- instructions carefully so your recovery will be as quick and comfortable as possible.
- At any time, if you have an urgent need regarding your procedure after discharge, contact your physician or seek medical attention from a local emergency room.

Licensed Driver

A responsible driver of at least 18 years of age must be available to drive you home after surgery because you will receive medication/anesthesia that will make you drowsy. Failure to have someone available to drive you home

will result in canceling or rescheduling your procedure.

We recommend that someone remain with you for the first 24 hours after your procedure.

Financial Arrangements

- A predetermined fee is charged for each type of procedure, thus providing a reasonably accurate estimate of your cost in advance.
- Please bring your insurance card(s) and insurance information with you on the day of your procedure.
- The fee for the medical center, physician and anesthesiologist are separate.
- You will be asked to pay deductibles and estimated co-insurance the day of your procedure.

- Uninsured and/or cash patients will be required to pay for services the day of surgery by check, money order or credit card.
- We will bill your insurance company as a courtesy. However, Summit Outpatient Surgery cannot accept responsibility for collecting your insurance claim or for negotiating a settlement on a disputed claim. You are responsible for any balance due and payment will be requested from you unless your insurance company pays within 60 days.

Notice of Physician Ownership

DISCLOSURE OF PHYSICIAN OWNERSHIP

- 1. Summit Outpatient Surgery is partially owned by physicians and meets the federal delineation of a physician owned facility as specified in 42 CFR 489.53. A list of the physician owners is available upon request.
- 2. You have the right to choose the provider of your health care services. Therefore, you have the option to use a health care facility other than Summit Outpatient Surgery.
- 3. You will not be treated differently by your

- physician if you choose to use a different facility. If desired, your physician can provide information about alternative providers.
- The Physicians and Allied Health
 Professionals (AHPs) practicing at Summit
 Outpatient Surgery are licensed by their
 appropriate Oklahoma State Board and
 are credentialed to practice in this facility.
 The physicians and AHPs provide medical
 services at Summit Outpatient Surgery, but
 they are not agents or employees of Summit
 Outpatient Surgery.



Patient's Bill of Rights and Responsibilities

YOUR RIGHTS AS A HOSPITAL PATIENT:

Summit Outpatient Surgery considers you a partner in your hospital care. When you are well-informed, participate in treatment decisions, and communicate openly with your physician and other health professionals, you help make your care as effective as possible. Summit Outpatient Surgery encourages respect for the personal preferences and values of each individual.

WHILE YOU ARE A PATIENT IN THE HOSPITAL, YOUR RIGHTS INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

- You have the right to considerate and respectful care with recognition of your personal dignity.
- You have the right to be well-informed about your illness, possible treatments, and likely out-come and to discuss this information with your physician. You have the right to know the names and roles of people treating you.
- You have the right to request consultation with a specialist at your expense.
- You have the right to consent to or to refuse a treatment, as permitted by law, throughout your hospital stay. If you refuse a recommended treatment, you will receive other needed and available care.
- You have the right to have an advance directive, such as a living will or health care proxy. These documents express your choices about your future care or name someone to decide if you cannot speak for yourself. If you have a written advance directive, you should provide a copy to the hospital, your family, and your physician. (A copy of Oklahoma's Advance Directive can be obtained from admitting area.)
- You have the right to expect that surroundings are reasonably safe.
- You have the right to refuse observers, students, and other caregivers.
- You have the right to privacy. The hospital, your

physician, and others caring for you will protect your privacy as much as possible. You may refuse to see visitors if you choose to do so. You may also request transfer to another room if you are unreasonably disturbed by another patient or visitor.

- You have the right to request the assistance of a language interpreter. You may also ask for a TDD (Telephone Device for the Deaf) if hearing impaired. When written communication is not effective, you have the right to be informed again of your rights after admission in a manner that you can understand.
- You have the right to expect that treatment records are confidential unless you have given permission to release information or reporting is required or permitted by law. When the hospital releases records to others, such as insurers, it emphasizes that the records are confidential.
- You have the right to review your medical records and to have the information explained, except when restricted by law.
- You have the right to expect that the hospital will render necessary health services to the best of its ability. Treatment, referral, or transfer may be recommended. If transfer is recommended or requested, you will be informed of risks, benefits, and alternatives. You will not be transferred until the other institution agrees to accept you.
- You have the right to know if this hospital has relationships with outside parties that may influence your treatment and care. These relationships may be educational institutions, other health care providers, or insurers.
- You have the right to consent or decline to take

- part in research affecting your care. If you choose not to take part, you will receive the most effective care the hospital otherwise provides.
- You have the right to be told of realistic care alternatives when hospital care is no longer appropriate.
- You have the right to be informed about hospital policies that affect you and your treatment and about charges and payment methods.
- You have the right to know about hospital resources, such as our patient relations representatives who can help you resolve problems and questions about your hospital stay and care.
- You have the right for medical decisions to be based on need and not your ability to pay.
- You have the right to be informed about the outcomes of care, treatments, or procedures including unanticipated outcomes, and when appropriate to also have your family informed.
- You have the right to have pain assessed and managed when admitted and throughout your hospitalization.
- You have the right to make a complaint and have it reviewed in a timely, accurate, and confidential manner. You can freely voice complaints and recommend changes without being subject to coercion, discrimination, reprisal, or unreasonable interruption of care treatment and services. Patients may file a complaint with OSDH, 1-800-522-0203, 1000 NE Tenth, Room 1114, Oklahoma City, OK 73117, other forms of filing are posted on the following webpage http://www.ok.gov/health/Contact_OSDH.html.
- You have the right to an environment that preserves dignity and contributes to a positive self image.

- You have the right to sufficient storage space to meet your needs.
- You have the right to keep and use personal clothing and possessions unless this infringes on others' rights or is medically or therapeutically contraindicated.
- You have the right to access, request amendment to, and receive an accounting of disclosures regarding your own health information as permitted under applicable law.

YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES AS A HOSPITAL PATIENT

- Your responsibilities as a hospital patient
 are to provide, to the best of your knowledge,
 accurate and complete information
 about present complaints, past illnesses,
 hospitalizations, medications, and other
 matters relating to your health. You and your
 family are responsible for reporting
 unexpected changes in your condition. You
 and your family help the hospital improve its
 understanding of your environment or
 providing feedback about service needs
 and expectations.
- You and your family are responsible for following the care, service, or treatment plan developed. You should express any concerns you may have about your ability to follow and comply with the proposed care plan or course of treatment. Every effort is made to adapt the plan to your specific needs and limitation. When such adaptations to the treatment plan are not recommended, you and your family are responsible for understanding the consequences of the treatment alternatives and not following the proposed course.
- You are responsible for asking questions when you do not understand what you have been told about your care or what you are expected to do.

- You and your family are responsible for following the hospital's rules and regulations concerning patient care and conduct.
- You and your family are responsible for being considerate of the hospital's personnel and property.
- You are responsible for being considerate of other patients, helping control noise and disturbances, following smoking policies, and respecting others' property.
- You and your family are responsible for promptly meeting any financial obligation agreed to with the hospital.
- Your family or surrogate decision-maker assumes the above responsibility for you if you have been found by your physician to be incapable of understanding these responsibilities, have been judged incompetent in accordance with law, or exhibit a communication barrier.

Patient's Complaints & Grievance Policy

- The physicians, nurses and the entire staff at Summit Outpatient Surgery are committed to assure you reasonable care. Should you have a complaint or grievance related to Summit Outpatient Surgery, contact the CNO/COO at 405-359-2400.
- If your complaint or grievance is not resolved to your satisfaction, you may contact the Oklahoma State Department of Health, Medical Facilities Division, 1000 NE Tenth, Oklahoma City, OK 73117-1299, 405-271-5600. Presentation of a complaint will not compromise your care under any circumstances.

Advance Directive Policy

- All patients have the right to participate in their own health care decisions and to make an Advance Directive or to execute Powers of Attorney that authorizes others to make decisions on their behalf based on the patient's expressed wishes when the patient is unable to make decisions or unable to communicate decisions. Summit Outpatient Surgery respects and upholds these rights.
- However, unlike an acute care hospital setting, the Medical Center does not routinely perform "high risk" procedures. Most procedures performed in this facility are considered to be of minimal risk, though no surgery is without risk. You will discuss the specifics of your procedure with your physician who can answer your questions as to the risks involved, your expected recovery and care after your surgery.
- Therefore, it is our policy, regardless of the contents of any advance directive or instructions for a health care surrogate or attorney in fact, that if an adverse event occurs during your treatment at this facility, we will initiate resuscitative or other stabilizing measures and transfer you to an acute care hospital for further evaluation. At the acute hospital, further treatment or withdrawal of treatment measures already begun will be ordered in accordance with your wishes, Advance Directive or Health Care Power of Attorney.
- Your agreement with the policy does not revoke or invalidate any current health care directive or health care power of attorney.
- If you do not agree to this policy, we are pleased to assist you in rescheduling your procedure.



Oklahoma Notice to Patients

Required by the Patient Self-Determination Act

This handout informs you what rights
Oklahoma law gives you to make medical care
decisions. After reading this, you may still have
questions. If so, you should talk about them
with your doctors and other health caregivers.

- Who will talk to me about my medical care options? Your doctor should talk about medical care options with you using words you can understand.
- 2. Who decides what medical care I will get? Your doctor should tell you what the medically reasonable care and treatment options are for your medical condition. As a competent adult, you decide which care and treatment options you will get. You have the right to accept, refuse or stop any medical care or treatment, including life-sustaining treatment.
- 3. What if I am not able to make my own decisions? If you cannot make your own decisions about your own medical care, someone must make them for you. An advance directive is the best way to tell people what you want done. You can also say who you want to make decisions for you, if you can no longer decide for yourself.
- 4. What is an advance directive? An advance

directive is a written document you sign before you are unable to make your own decisions. You can use an advance directive to tell people ahead of time what medical care you want. You can also name the person you want to make medical decisions for you if you cannot make them yourself. Oklahoma law has four kinds of advance directives:

- Living will
- Health care proxy
- Durable power of attorney for health care
- Do-Not-Resuscitate consent
- 5. What is a living will? A living will is a document that allows you to state your choices about life-sustaining treatment. It is used only if you are unable to make health care decisions for yourself.
- 6. What is a health care proxy? A health care proxy is a person you name to make medical decisions for you when you are no longer able, including decisions about life-sustaining treatment. You appoint someone to be your proxy with a written document in which you name them. It is used only if you are unable to make health care decisions for yourself.
- 7. What is durable power of attorney for health care? A durable power of attorney for health care is a written document in which you name the person you want to make routine medical decisions for you. This person can also

make decisions about life-sustaining treatment if you expressly give the person that power. It is used only if you are unable to make health care decisions for yourself.

8. What is a Do Not Resuscitate Consent?

A person may refuse cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) by consenting to a "Do Not Resuscitate" (DNR) order. If you know that you would not want to be resuscitated under any circumstances if your heart stopped or you stopped breathing, you can sign a DNR consent form. A DNR order is generally not signed until a person is near death.

9. Should I have an advance directive?

Whether to have an advance directive is entirely your decision. One reason many people want an advance directive is to avoid a dispute about their care if they can't make their wishes known. Signing an advance directive, or – at the very least – talking about your medical care wishes with your loved ones, your doctors and others, makes sense before a medical crisis.

10.Do I need all four documents? A living will

lets you tell others your wishes about lifesustaining treatment if you become terminally ill, persistently unconscious, or have an end stage condition. A person you name as a health care proxy can make health care decisions according to your wishes if you are unable to do so. Because of this, you may want to sign a living will and a health care proxy. The living will and health care proxy are both contained in the "Oklahoma Advance Directive for Health Care." Most people do not need both a proxy and a durable power of attorney for health care. Persons near death may wish to complete a DNR consent form. Forms are available from physicians, hospitals, home health agencies, hospices, nursing homes and Area Agencies on Aging. Free copies may also be obtained by calling 877-283-4113 or going to http://okpalliative.nursing.ouhsc.edu.

11.If I sign an advance directive now, can I

change my mind? You can revoke an advance directive by telling your health care provider or by writing new instructions. You can sign a new advance directive any time you want. In fact, you should go over your advance directive at least once a year to be sure it still correctly states your wishes.

12.Can I be sure my instructions will be

followed? If properly signed, your Oklahoma Advance Directive for Health Care is legally binding on your health care providers. If they cannot follow your directions, they are required to arrange to transfer your care to others who will.

13. May I choose or refuse artificially

administered water and food? You can be sure that you do not receive tube feedings (artificially administered water and food) by stating your wishes in the living will. You can also do this by appointment in the health care proxy to make such decisions for you. If you do not give express instructions, tube feeding can be withheld from you only in very limited situations. You can also request tube feeding.

- 14. What if I do not have an advance directive?
 - Without an advance directive, a legal guardian, if appointed by the court, will make medical decisions for you. Without an advance directive or court-appointed legal guardian, Oklahoma law is not clear about who will decide for you. Usually, your family, doctors and hospital can decide about routine medical care. However, if you have not given express instructions, your family is permitted to request withholding lifesustaining treatment and food and water only in very limited situations.
- 15. What if I signed an "Advance Directive for Health Care" under the old law? If you signed an advance directive under the old Oklahoma law, it is valid and binding under the new law. You may want to sign a new advance

- directive, however, because it covers more circumstances. (The new law went into effect on May 17, 2006.)
- **16.What if I signed an advance directive in another State?** Advance directives signed in other States are valid and binding in this State for anything that Oklahoma law allows.
- **17. What if I have other questions?** If you have other questions, you should discuss them with your doctors and other caregivers. For more information about advance directives contact the Oklahoma Department of Human Services Aging Services Division, 405-521-2281